Introduction to statistical spoken dialogue systems

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In this lecture...

Architecture of a spoken dialogue system

Turn-taking in dialogue

Dialogue acts

Speech recognition in dialogue

Speech synthesis in dialogue

What is a spoken dialogue system?

- ▶ A spoken dialogue system is a computer system that enables human computer interaction where primary input is speech.
- Speech does not need to be the only input. We can interact with machines also using touch, gesture or facial expressions and these are multi-modal dialogue systems.

Examples from popular culture



Personal assistants

- Most commonly used dialogue systems are personal assistants such as Siri, Cortana, Google Now and Alexa
- these are server-based accessed via a range of devices: smart-phones, tablets, laptops, watches and specialist devices such as Amazon Echo (Alexa).

Properties

What constitutes a spoken dialogue system?

- Being able to understand the user
- Being able to decide what to say back
- Being able to conduct a conversation beyond simple voice commands or question answering

Limited domain spoken dialogue systems

ontology a database that defines properties of entities that a dialogue system can talk about

goal-orientated the user has a clear goal in mind that they wish to achieve

system-initiative vs user-initiative who takes the initiative in the dialogue:

- ► System: Hello. Please tell me your date of birth using the six digit format.
- System: Hello, how may I help you?

Turn-taking in dialogue – Who speaks when?

Dialogue can be described in terms of system and user turns

- ► System: How may I help you?
- ▶ User: I'm looking for a restaurant
- System: What kind of food would you like?

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Turn taking can be more complex and characterised by

barge-ins System: How may I... User: I'm looking for a restaurant

back channels User: I'm looking for a restaurant [System: uhuh] in the centre of town

Turn-taking in dialogue – Multi-party dialogue

- Dialogue system can be built to operate with multiple users and also be situated in space.
- ▶ In this case a complex attention mechanism is needed to determine who speaks when. For that both spoken and visual input can be used.

Dialogue acts

One simple dialogue act formalism would consist of dialogue act type - encodes the system or the user intention in a (part of) dialogue turn

semantic slots and values - further describe entities from the ontology that a dialogue turn refers to

Is there um maybe a cheap place in the centre of town please?



Dialogue acts

Dialogue act formalism describes meaning encoded in each dialogue turn.

- Relation to ontology
- Encode intention of the speaker
- Relation to logic
- Context
- Partial information from ASR (primitive dialogue acts)

Traditional approach to dialogue systems

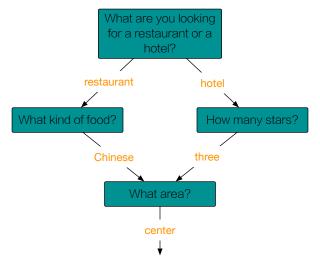


Figure 1: Part of a dialogue call flow

Traditional approach to dialogue systems

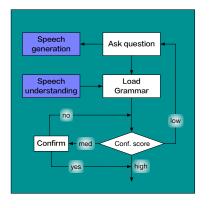
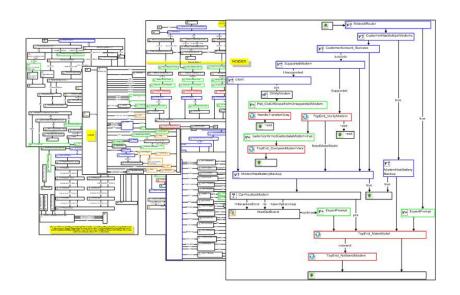


Figure 2: Node processing

Part of a deployed call-flow [Paek and Pieraccini, 2008]

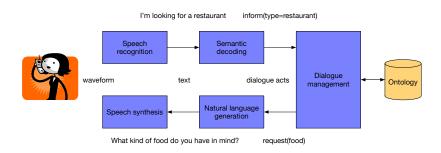


Problems

What breaks dialogue systems?

- Speech recognition errors
- Not keeping track of what happened previously
- Need to hand-craft a large number of rules
- Poor decisions
- User's request is not supported
- **.**.

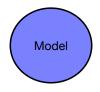
Modular architecture of a dialogue system



Machine learning in spoken dialogue systems



- Dialogues
- Labelled user intents
- Transcribed speech

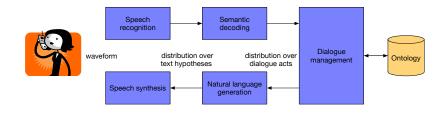


- Regression
- Classification
- Markov decision process
- Neural networks



- What the user wants
- What is the best response
- How to formulate the response

Architecture of a statistical dialogue system



Automatic speech recognition for dialogue

Provide alternative recognition result

- N-best list
- confusion network
- Lattice

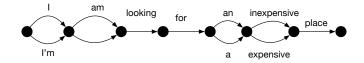


Figure 3: Confusion network

Automatic speech recognition for dialogue systems

Recognise when the user has started speaking

- Key-word spotter running on a smartphone always listening
- ► Requirements: low memory footprint, low computational cost and high precision

Recognise when the user has stopped speaking

▶ This is studied in the broad context of voice activity detection

Acoustic modelling for dialogue systems

- ► Spoken dialogue systems are meant to be used everywhere: busy street, noisy car
- Advantage: the conversation spans over several turns so it is possible to perform adaptation in the first turn to improve future interactions
- ► Advantage: the same speaker through-out the dialogue

Language modelling for dialogue systems

- ► The vocabulary in limited domain dialogue systems is small so the language model can be trained with in-domain data
- ▶ A general purpose language model can be combined with in-domain language model to provide better recognition results and also deal with out-of-domain requests.

Role of a speech synthesiser in a dialogue systems

- ▶ In a dialogue system the context is available from the dialogue manager.
- ► Text-to-speech system can make use of the context to produce more natural and expressive speech.

Summary

- Goal directed limited domain dialogue systems
- Turn taking mechanism between system and user
- Dialogue act formalism for conveying meaning
- Limitations of traditional approach
- Architecture of statistical dialogue systems
- ► Speech recogniser and speech synthesiser role in dialogue

References



Paek, T. and Pieraccini, R. (2008).

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Speech Commun., 50(8-9):716-729.